## IN THE HIGH COURT OF GUJARAT AT AHMEDABAD

## SPECIAL CIVIL APPLICATION No 10491 of 1996

For Approval and Signature:

Hon'ble MR.JUSTICE M.S.PARIKH

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- 1. Whether Reporters of Local Papers may be allowed to see the judgements?
- 2. To be referred to the Reporter or not?
- 3. Whether Their Lordships wish to see the fair copy of the judgement?
- Whether this case involves a substantial question of law as to the interpretation of the Constitution of India, 1950 of any Order made thereunder?
- 5. Whether it is to be circulated to the Civil Judge?

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MIYANA FATMABEN W/O HABIB JETHA

Versus

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE

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Appearance:

MS DR KACHHAVAH for Petitioner
Ms.Ami Yagnik, A.G.P. for Respondents

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CORAM : MR.JUSTICE M.S.PARIKH Date of decision: 27/02/97

## ORAL JUDGEMENT

In this petition under Article 226 of the Constitution of India the petitioner-detenu has challenged the detention order dated 1st December 1996 rendered by respondent No.1 u/s.3(1) of the Gujarat Prevention of Anti-Social Activities Act, 1985 (Act No.16 of 1985) (for short "the PASA Act").

2. The grounds on which the impugned order of

detention has been passed appear at Annexure: B. They inter-alia indicate that the petitioner has been carrying on criminal and anti-social activities of preparing and selling the country liquor and one prohibition case of 1995 and four prohibition cases of 1996 have been registered under the provisions of the Bombay Prohibition Act with Surendranagar City Police Station, against the petitioner as per the particulars set out in the grounds of detention.

- 3. It has been recited that the petitioner's anti-social activities tend to obstruct the maintenance of public order and in support of the said conclusion statements of four witnesses have been relied upon. It has also been recited that the petitioner's activities are likely to adversely affect the public health.
- 4. The statements of the witnesses speak about incidents which indicate the petitioner giving threats to the concerned witnesses and beating them in public and the petitioner's conduct resulting in fear amongst the people collected there.
- 5. It is on the basis of the aforesaid cases and the incidents that the detaining authority has passed the impugned order of detention stamping the petitioner as 'boot-legger' under Sec. 2(b) of the PASA Act.
- 6. I have heard the learned Advocate for petitioner and the learned A.G.P. for the State. petitioner has challenged the impugned order of detention on number of grounds inter-alia on the ground that there is no material to indicate that the detenu's conduct would show that he is habitually engaged in the anti-social activities, which can be said to be prejudicial to the maintenance of public order. This a case of individual incidents affecting law and order and in the facts of the case would not amount to leading to a conclusion that the same would affect public order. Reliance has been placed on the decision of the Apex Court in the case of Mustakmiya Jabbarmiya Shaikh V/s. M.M.Mehta, C.P., reported in 1995 (2) G.L.R. P.1268. In that decision the Apex Court referred to two earlier decisions in the case of Arun Ghosh V/s. State of West Bengal, reported in 1970 (1) SCC 98 and Piyush Kantilal Mehta V/s. Commissioner of Police, reported in 1989 Suppl. (1) SCC 322. In Piyush Kantilal Mehta's case (supra) it was made clear that merely because a detenu was a boot-legger within the meaning of sec.2(b) of the PASA Act he could not have been preventively detained on that basis. The emphasis was with respect to whether his

activities as a boot-legger would adversely affect the maintenance of public order.

- 7. In reply, learned A.G.P. has made reference to an earlier decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Mrs. Harpreet Kaur Harvinder Singh Bedi V/s. State of Maharashtra & anr., reported in AIR 1992 SC 979.
- 8. In my opinion, Mustakmiya's case (supra) would apply to the facts of this case particularly since this is essentially a case of individual incidents dealing with law and order.
- 9. There are other grounds of challenge levelled against the impugned order of detention. However, in view of the fact that the petitioner would succeed on the strength of Mustakmiya's case, it is not necessary to deal with other grounds. Hence, following order is passed:-

The impugned order of detention is hereby quashed and set aside. The petitioner-detenu Miyana Fatmaben w/o Habib Jetha shall be forthwith set at liberty, if she is not required to be detained in any other case. Rule made absolute accordingly.

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